

View additional details on this proposal and all application materials using the following link:

Applicant Materials for Consideration

DETAILS

Location:	

1582 Leroy Stevens Road

Subdivision Name:

Griffin Place Subdivision

Applicant / Agent:

John T. Griffin, JTG Investments, LLC

Property Owners:

John T. Griffin

Current Zoning:

B-2, Neighborhood Business Suburban District

Future Land Use:

Mixed Commercial Corridor

Applicable Codes, Policies, and Plans:

- Unified Development Code
- Subdivision Regulations
- Map for Mobile Comprehensive Plan

Proposal:

• Subdivision approval to create two (2) legal lot of record from two (2) meters-and-bounds parcels.

Considerations:

1. Holdover

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GRIFFIN PLACE SUBDIVISION



APPLICATION NUMBER ______5 DATE __March 21, 2024



SITE HISTORY

The site was annexed into Mobile City limits in 2023.

There are no Planning Commission or Board of Zoning Adjustment cases associated with the site.

STAFF COMMENTS

Engineering Comments:

FINAL PLAT COMMENTS (should be addressed prior to submitting the FINAL PLAT for review):

- A. Provide all of the required information on the SUBDIVISION PLAT (i.e. signature blocks, signatures, certification statements, written legal description, required notes, legend, scale, bearings and distances) that is required by the current Alabama State Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.
- B. Add a note to the SUBDIVISION PLAT stating that as shown on the 1984 aerial photo (FLIGHT 16 #78) LOTS 1 and 2 will receive historical credit of existing (1984) impervious area towards stormwater detention requirement per Mobile City Code, Chapter 17, Storm Water Management and Flood Control) as follows: LOT 1 21,000 sf AND LOT 2 8,500 sf.
- C. Add a note that all existing and proposed detention facilities, common areas, and wetlands shall be the responsibility of the Property Owner(s), and not the responsibility of the City of Mobile.
- D. Add a note that all easements shall remain in effect until vacated through the proper Vacation process.
- E. Revise NOTE #11 to read "ALL EXISTING AND PROPOSED..." instead of "ALL PROPOSED...".
- F. Email a pdf copy of the FINAL SUBDIVISION PLAT and LETTER OF DECISION to the Permitting Engineering Dept. for review at land.disturbance@cityofmobile.org prior to obtaining any signatures. No signatures are required on the drawing.

Traffic Engineering Comments:

Driveway number, size, location, and design to be approved by Traffic Engineering and conform to AASHTO standards. Any required on-site parking, including ADA handicap spaces, shall meet the minimum standards as defined in Article 3, Section 64-3-12 of the City's Unified Development Code.

Urban Forestry Comments:

Property to be developed in compliance with state and local laws that pertain to tree preservation and protection on both city and private properties [Act 929 of the 1961 Regular Session of the Alabama Legislature (Acts 1961, p. 1487), as amended, and City Code Chapters 57 and 65]. Private removal of trees in the right-of-way will require approval of the Mobile Tree Commission. Removal of heritage trees from undeveloped residential sites, developed residential sites in historic districts, and all commercial sites will require a tree removal permit.

Fire Department Comments:

All projects within the City Limits of Mobile shall comply with the requirements of the City of Mobile Fire Code Ordinance (2021 International Fire Code). Fire apparatus access is required to be within 150' of all non-sprinklered commercial buildings and within 300' of all sprinklered commercial buildings. Fire water supply for all commercial buildings will be required to meet the guidance of Appendices B and C of the 2021 International Fire Code. The minimum requirement for fire hydrants is to be within 400' of non-sprinkled commercial buildings, within 600' of

sprinkled commercial buildings, and within 100' of fire department connections (FDC) for both standpipes and sprinkler systems.

Planning Comments:

The purpose of this request is to create two (2) legal lots of record from one (1) metes-and-bounds parcel. The site is served by public water and sanitary sewer services.

Proposed Lot 1 has frontage along Leroy Stevens Road, a minor street without curb and gutter requiring a 60-foot right-of-way. The plat depicts sufficient right-of-way; therefore, no additional dedication should be required.

Proposed Lot 2 does not abut a public street, as required by Section 6.C.4. of the Subdivision Regulations. Two (2) proposed ingress/egress easements are depicted on the preliminary plat (Easement A and Easement B). Easement A would provide access to an adjoining metes-and-bounds parcel that is not included in this request, and Easement B would provide access to proposed Lot 2 from Leroy Stevens Road. Article 3, Section 64-3-2.A.1. of the Unified Development Code (UDC) states that developments may be accessed by a recorded dedicated easement or other recorded legal instrument. Moreover, in an effort to limit the number of access points along city streets, shared access is encouraged wherever possible by Article 3, Sections 64-3-4.B.1. and 64-3-4.C.1. of the UDC. However, the widths of the proposed easements are substandard in that they would not accommodate two-way traffic. As such, a holdover of the request may be appropriate to allow the applicant time to revise the plat to depict easements that are at least 24-feet in width; or, the plat may be revised to depict a flag lot that would allow proposed Lot 2 to abut Leroy Stevens Road.

Both lots exceed the minimum size requirement for lots served by public water and sanitary sewer in a B-2 Suburban district, which are provided in square feet and acres in a table on the preliminary plat. This information should be retained on the Final Plat, if approved.

No front yard setback is illustrated on either lot, as required by Section 64-2-13.E. of the UDC for lots in a B-2 Suburban district. If approved, revision of the plat to illustrate at least a 25-foot front yard setback should be required, exclusive of the ingress/egress easement. For Lot 2, this would mean placing a setback 25-feet from the easement wherever the lot is at least 60 feet in width.

Both proposed lots are developed: Lot 1 with a metal office building and parking lot; and Lot 2 with a metal warehouse, wooden shed, and gravel maneuvering area. Both lots appear to have access to Leroy Stevens Road via an asphalt drive located within the aforementioned ingress/egress easement.

While Lot 1 appears to comply with off-street parking requirements, approval of the subdivision would create a non-conforming condition on Lot 2 in that it does not have a parking lot to accommodate parking for the warehouse use. As such, further development of Lot 2 would be subject to the Non-Conforming provisions of Article 6 of the UDC.

A note on the plat states no structure shall be constructed or placed within any easement without the permission of the easement holder. This note should be retained on the Final Plat, if approved.

SUBDIVISION CONSIDERATIONS

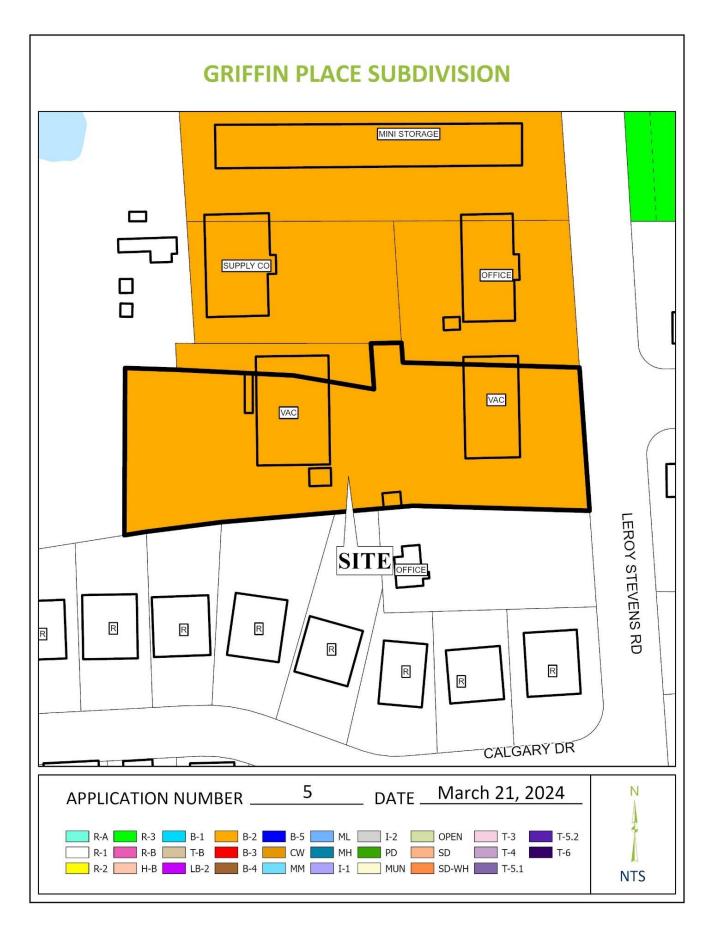
Standards of Review:

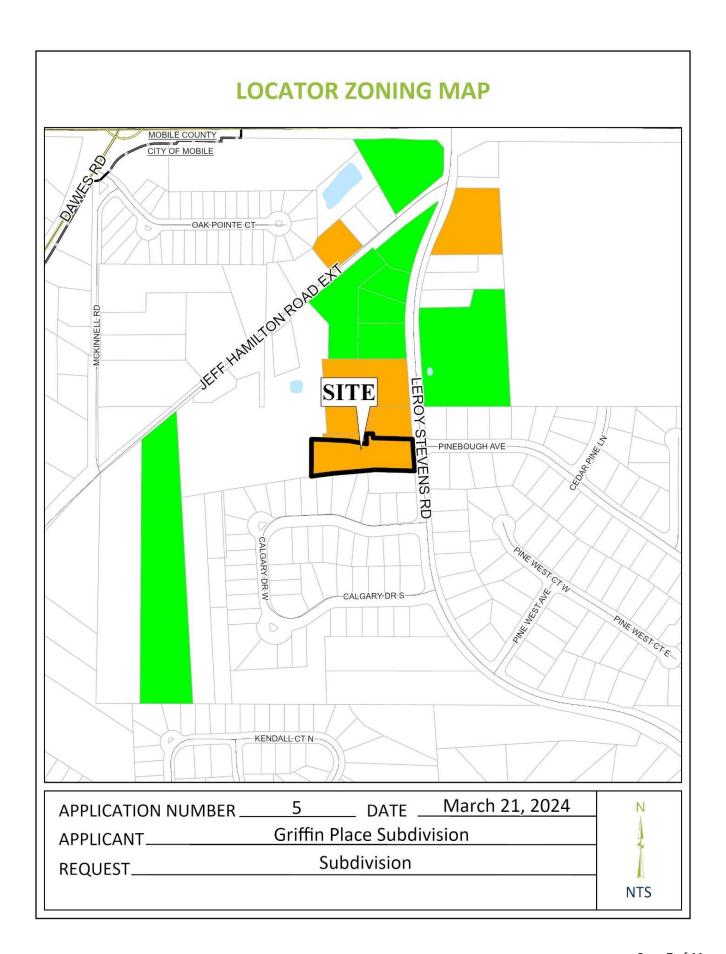
Subdivision review examines the site with regard to promoting orderly development, protecting general health, safety and welfare, and ensuring that development is correlated with adjacent developments and public utilities and services, and to ensure that the subdivision meets the minimum standards set forth in the Subdivision Regulations for lot size, road frontage, lot configuration, etc.

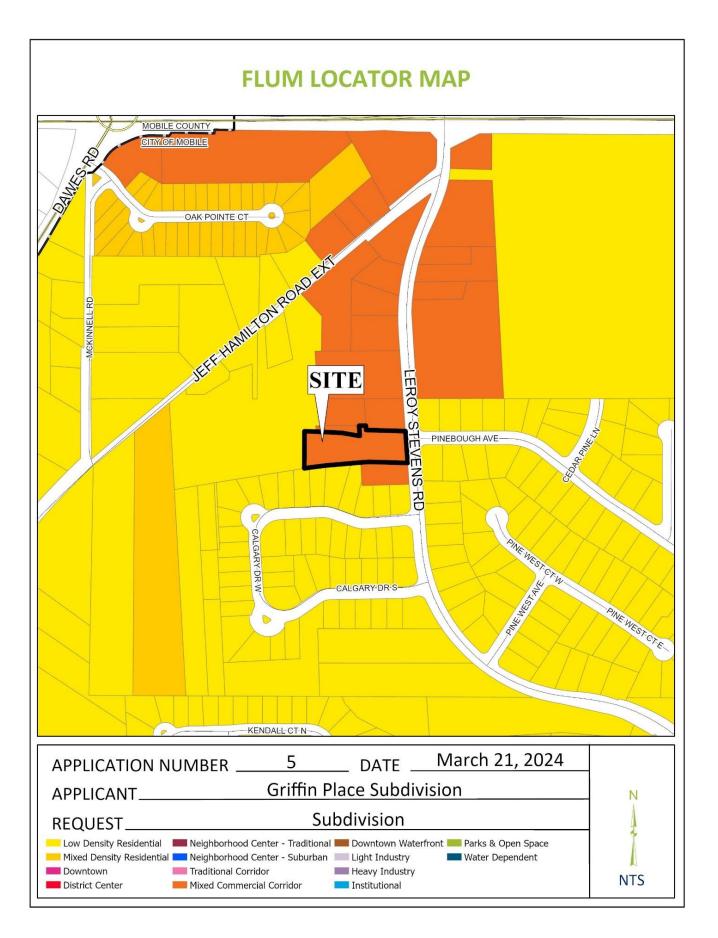
Considerations:

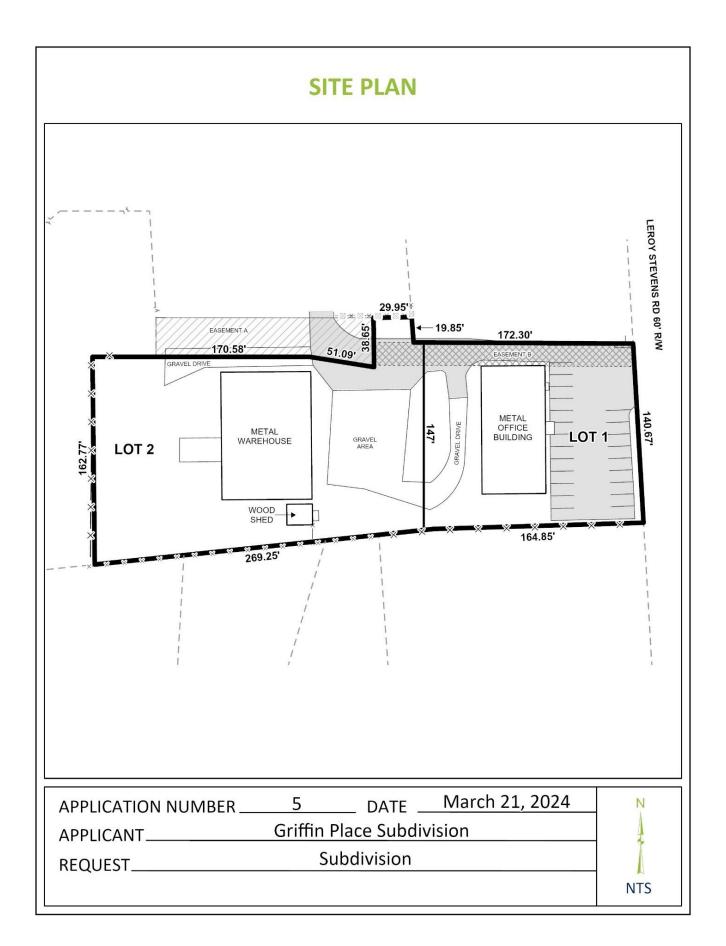
The Planning Commission should consider holdover of the request until the April 18th meeting, with revisions submitted no later than April 8th, to allow the applicant to address the following:

- 1. Revise the plat to illustrate ingress/egress easements that are at least 24 feet in width; or
- 2. Revise the plat to depict a flag lot that would allow proposed Lot 2 to have frontage on Leroy Stevens Road.









ZONING DISTRICT CORRESPONDENCE MATRIX															
		OW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (LDR)	MIXED DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (MXDR)	DOWNTOWN (DT)	DISTRICT CENTER (DC)	NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER - TRADITIONAL (NC-T)	NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER - SUBURBAN (NC-S)	RADITIONAL CORRIDOR (TC)	MIXED COMMERCIAL CORRIDOR (MCC)	LIGHT INDUSTRIAL (LI)	HEAVY INDUSTRY (HI)	NSTITUTIONAL LAND USE (INS)	PARKS & OPEN SPACE (POS)	DOWNTOWN WATERFRONT (DW)	WATER DEPENDENT USES (WDWRU)
RESIDENTIAL - AG	R-A	7	2		Q	Z	Z	_	2		王			Q	>
ONE-FAMILY RESIDENCE	R-1		8							5					6 6
TWO-FAMILY RESIDENCE	R-2													0	
MULTIPLE-FAMILY	R-3	0												0	
RESIDENTIAL-BUSINESS	R-B		0											0	
TRANSITIONAL-BUSINESS	T-B		0												
HISTORIC BUSINESS	H-B														
VILLAGE CENTER	TCD														
NEIGH. CENTER	TCD														
NEIGH. GENERAL	TCD														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-6														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-5.1														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-5.2														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-4														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-3														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	SD-WH									0	0				
DOWNTOWN DEV. DD	SD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0				
BUFFER BUSINESS	B-1													0	
NEIGH. BUSINESS	B-2		0											0	
LIMITED BUSINESS	LB-2		0					-						0	
COMMUNITY BUSINESS	B-3											0		0	
GEN. BUSINESS	B-4											0		0	
OFFICE-DISTRIBUTION	B-5														
LIGHT INDUSTRY	I-1														
HEAVY INDUSTRY	I-2														

Zoning District Correspondence Matrix

- Directly Related
- Elements of the zoning category are related to the future LU category, but with qualifications (such as a development plan with conditions)
- ☐ Land use category is appropriate, but the district does not directly implement the category (e.g., open space in an industrial district)

MIXED COMMERCIAL CORRIDOR (MCC)

This land use designation mostly applies to transportation corridors west of I-65 serving primarily the low-density (suburban) residential neighborhoods. MCC includes a wide variety of retail, services and entertainment uses.

This designation acknowledges existing commercial development that is spread along Mobile's transportation corridors in a conventional strip pattern or concentrated into shorter segments of a corridor.

Over time, new development and redevelopment in Mixed Commercial Corridors is encouraged to raise design quality, improve connectivity to surrounding neighborhoods; improved streetscapes; and improve mobility and accessibility for all users of the corridor.